



welcome

PUBLIC MEETING

Sites Project Authority & Bureau of Reclamation



Meeting Format

Information Stations*

Overview Presentation

Public Comment Session

*Staff with Badges to Answer Questions / Help Find Information

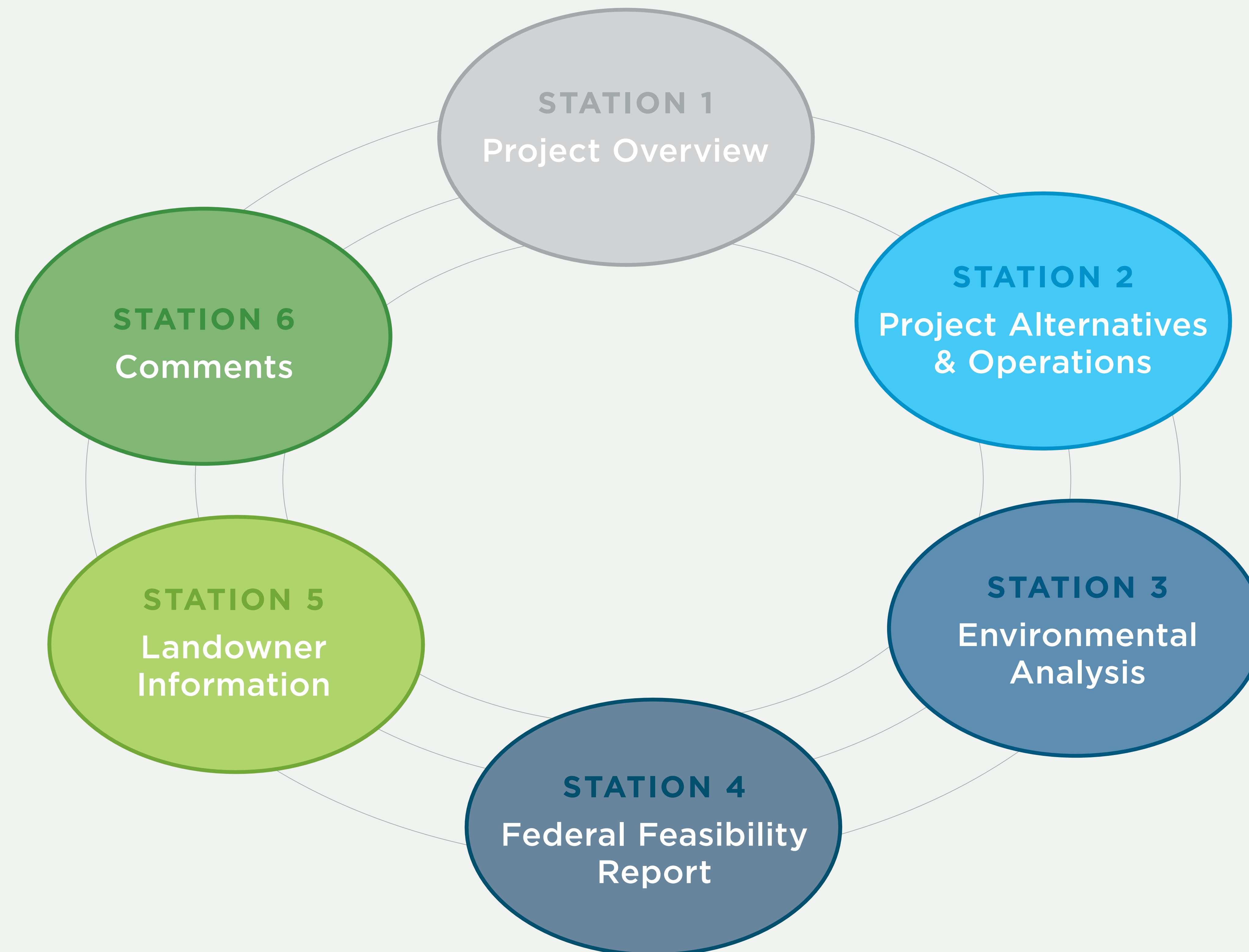
Meeting Purpose

Provide Information on the
Sites Project and Draft EIR/EIS

Solicit Comments on the Draft EIR/EIS

Inform the Environmental Analysis
for the Sites Project

Station Layout



Station 1: Project Overview

The Sites Project would provide surface water storage north of the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta to:



Enhance water
management flexibility



Provide storage and operational
benefits to enhance local and
statewide water supply reliability,
benefit Delta water quality and
improve ecosystems



Allow for flexible hydropower
generation in order to support
the integration of renewable
energy sources



Develop additional
recreation opportunities



Provide opportunities for
flood damage reduction



Provide operational flexibility
to help **mitigate the effects of**
climate change on water
supply and ecosystems

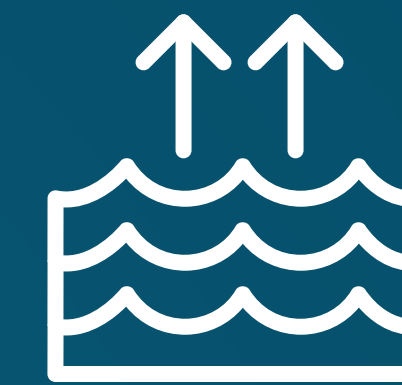
Station 1: Project Benefits



Enhanced water
management flexibility



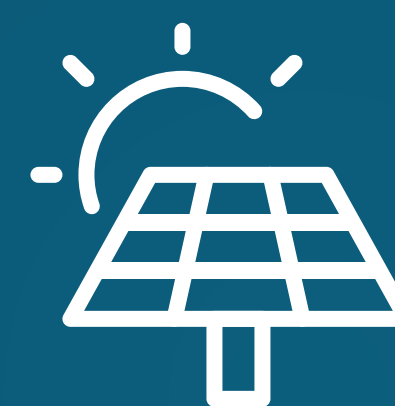
Improved
environmental flows



Increased water
supply reliability



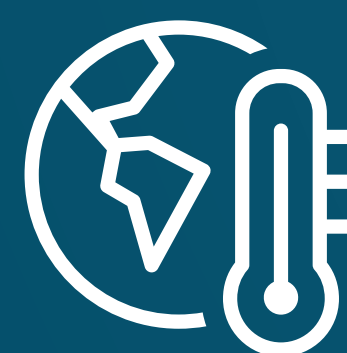
Ecosystem
improvements



Potential new renewable
energy resources



New recreation
opportunities



Climate change resiliency



Flood management



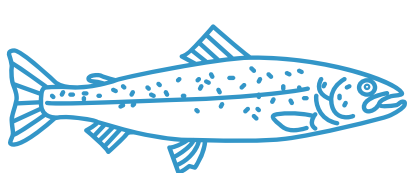
Enhanced water quality

Station 1: Project Benefits

Net improvements in ecosystem and water quality conditions in the Sacramento River system and Delta

- **Conserve coldwater pools** in existing reservoirs later into the summer months to improve conditions for salmon spawning and rearing
- **Stabilize Sacramento River fall flows** for salmon
- **Provide nutrient rich water** to the Yolo Bypass/Cache Slough to benefit smelt
- **Net improvements in water supply reliability** for fish protection, habitat management (including refuges) and other environmental water needs
- **Increase water supply availability** for refuges and managed wetlands north and south of the Delta

Stabilize Sacramento River
fall flows for salmon



Conserve coldwater pools
in existing reservoirs later
into the summer months to
improve conditions for salmon
spawning and rearing



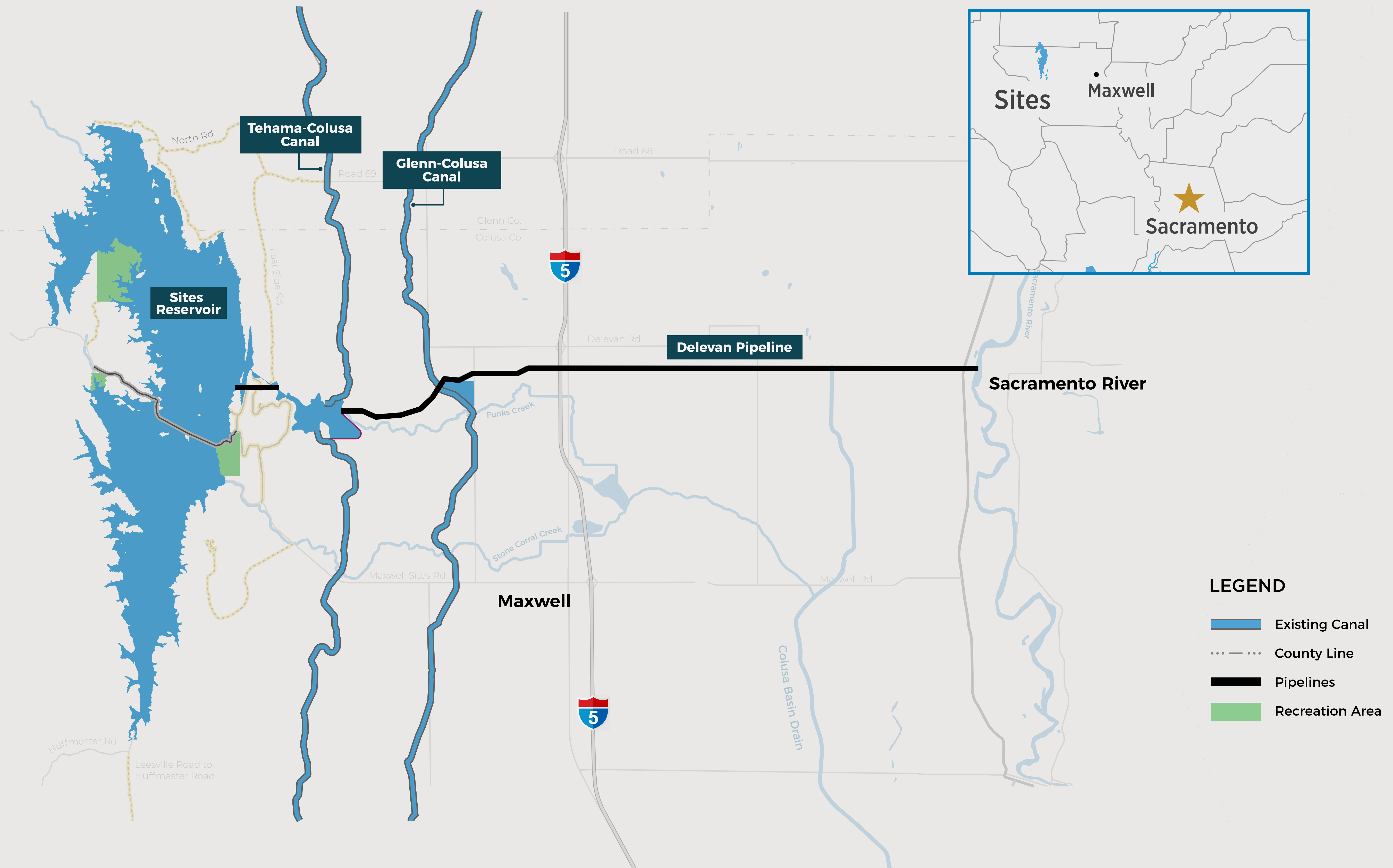
Provide nutrient rich water
to the Yolo Bypass/Cache
Slough to benefit smelt



Increase water supply availability
for refuges and managed wetlands
north and south of the Delta



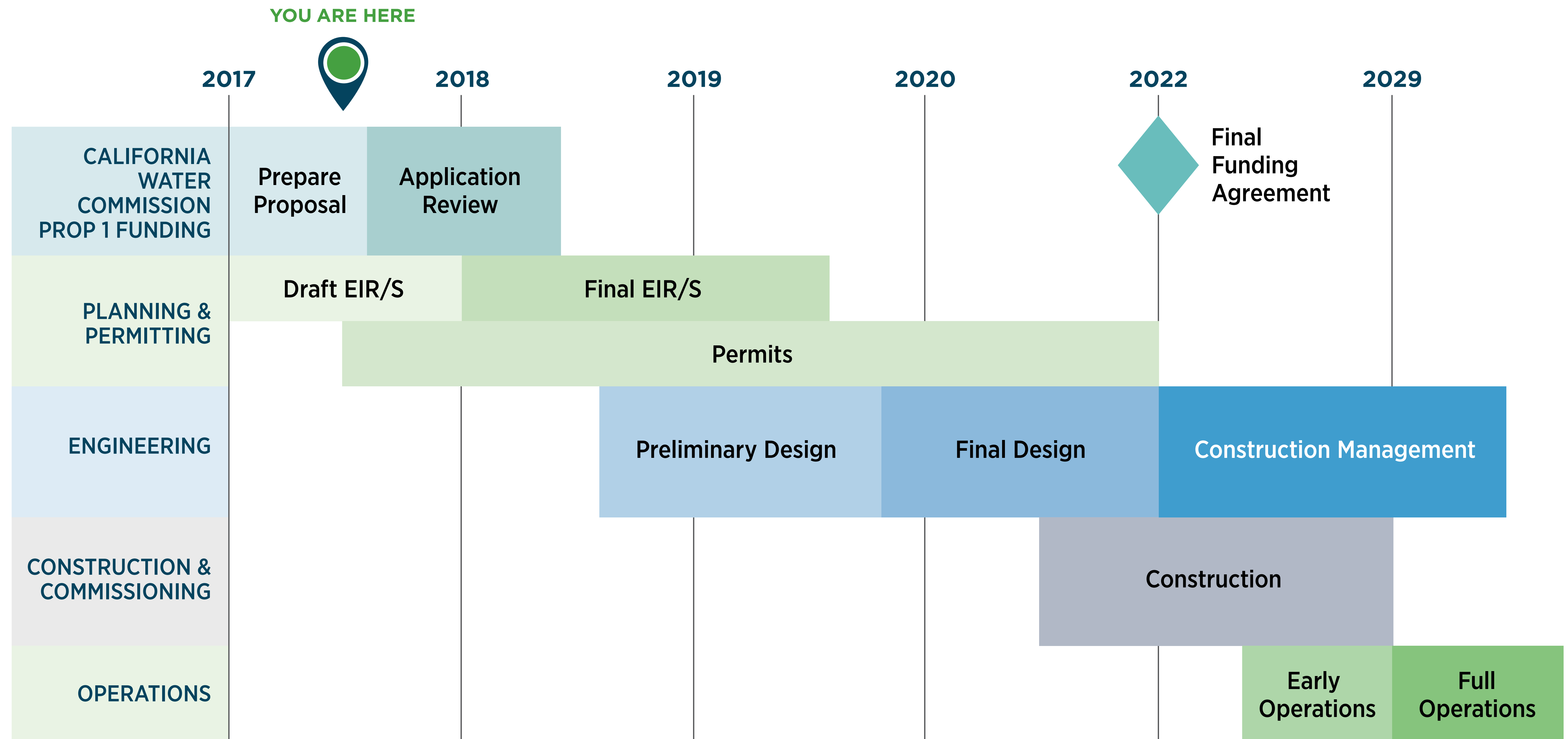
Station 1: Project Location



Station 1: Project Participants



Station 1: Project Schedule



Station 2: Project Alternatives

Alternatives evaluated in the Draft EIR/EIS:



Feasible and reasonable



Meet project objectives and purpose and need



Avoid or substantially reduce significant impacts

Result of:



Completion of previous analyses



Comments received during the scoping process



Screening the range of feasible alternatives against the project objectives and purpose and need

FIVE ALTERNATIVES were developed to avoid or substantially lessen one or more of the Sites Project's significant impacts.

Project Features/Facilities ^a	Alternative A	Alternative B	Alternative C	Alternative C ₁	Alternative D
Sites Reservoir Complex					
Sites Reservoir Inundation Area	1.3-MAF capacity (12,400 acres)	1.8-MAF capacity (14,200 acres)	Same as B	Same as B	Same as B
Golden Gate Dam, Sites Dam, Saddle Dams	9 dams (Golden Gate Dam; Sites Dam; Saddle Dams 1, 3, 5, 6, 8a, 8b, 10)	11 dams (Golden Gate Dam; Sites Dam, Saddle Dams 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9)	Same as B	Same as B	Same as B
Borrow Areas	Approximately 920 acres in inundation area; 200 acres northeast and east of the inundation area	Same as A	Same as A	Same as A	Same as A
Sites Reservoir Inlet/Outlet Structure and Associated Facilities	Multi-level valve tower and gate shaft; 4,000-foot-long tunnel; 220-foot-high structure; four 32-foot-diameter intake openings at seven levels; trash racks and fish screens; bridge; 15,200-cfs emergency release outlet capacity	Same as A but taller structure (260 feet); intake opening at nine levels	Same as B	Same as B	Same as B
Sites Pumping/Generating Plant and Electrical Switchyard	5,900-cfs pumping capacity; 5,100-cfs generating capacity; 4-acre switchyard with overhead power line tower, at pumping/generating plant	3,900-cfs pumping capacity; 5,100-cfs generating capacity	Same as A	5,900-cfs pumping capacity; no generation	Same as A
Delevan Pumping/Generating Plant	2,000-cfs pumping capacity; 1,500-cfs generating capacity; approximately 6-acre substation near Funks/Holthouse Reservoir with power lines running east to Delevan	No pumping/generating plant (1,500-cfs gravity release flow); power line running east from Funds/Holthouse Reservoir not needed for Delevan	Same as A	2,000-cfs pumping capacity; no generation; substation and power line for Delevan same as A	Same pumping and generating capacity as A; approximately 6-acre substation west of Colusa with powerlines running north-south along State Route 45 (instead of west-east)
South Bridge and Roads	Temporary construction roads, several access roads to new facilities, and new roads to replace those currently in the inundation area; South Bride to provide access between Maxwell and Ladoga	Same as A but slight difference related to access for Saddle Dam 10 for A	Same as B	Same as B	Same as B but with a road to provide access to the community of Leesville; some southern roads not needed
Recreation Areas	Saddle Dam, Stone Corral, Antelope Island, Lurline Headwaters, Peninsula Hills	Same as A	Same as A	Same as A	Stone Corral, Peninsula Hills, boat ramp day use area
Field Office Maintenance Yard	Administration, maintenance buildings, asphalt batch plant (possible temporary location), and parking (also serves Holthouse Reservoir and TRR)	Same as A	Same as A	Same as A	Same as A

^aThe table is meant as a comparison illustrating the main differences between the alternatives; not all facilities or features of the project are included in this table.

Station 2: Operations

The Authority will partner with the State and Reclamation to:

Provide usable storage capacity that fish and wildlife resource agencies can adaptively manage to produce environmental benefits when the needs are greatest.

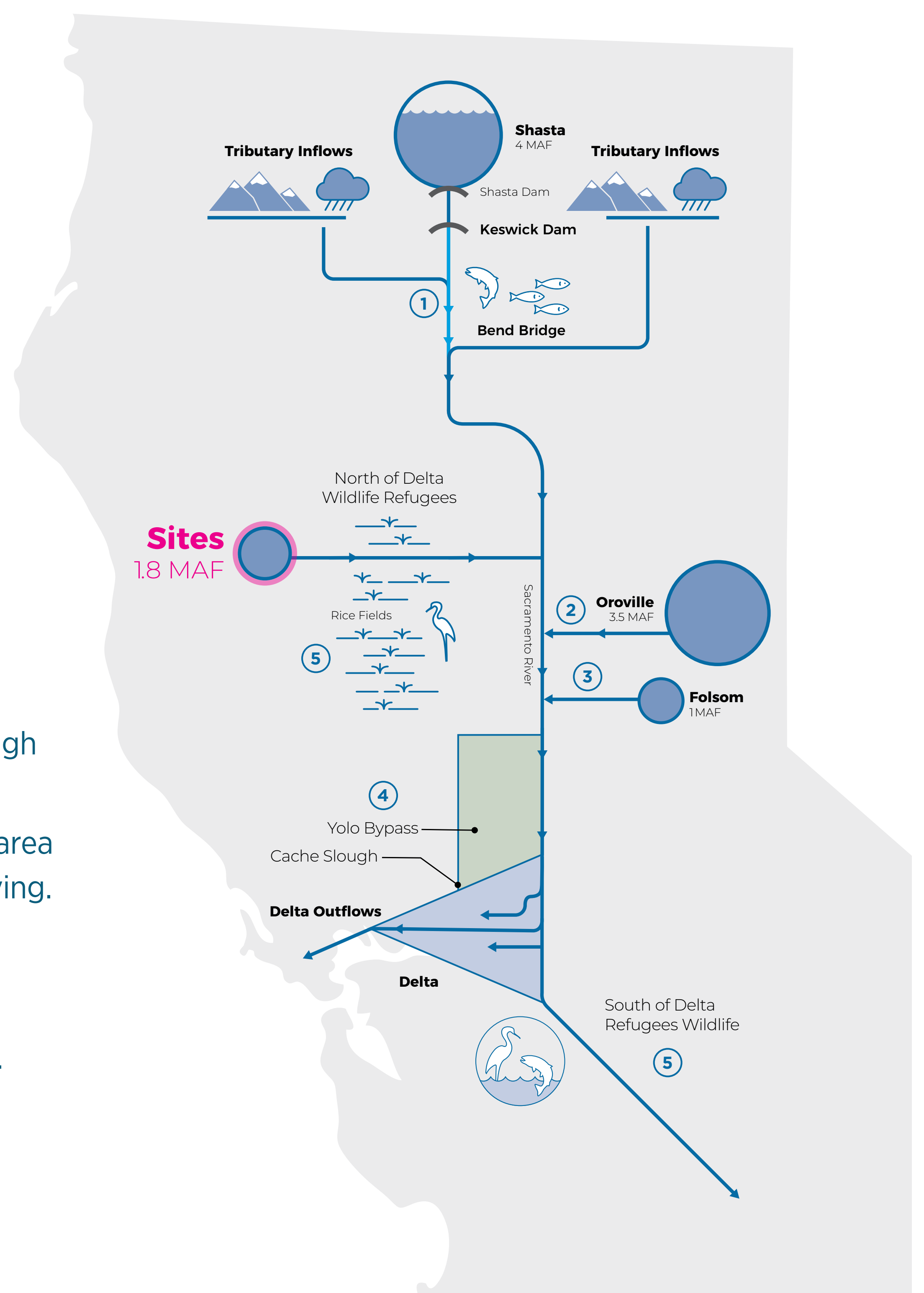
- 1 Sacramento River:** Improve water temperature and stabilize flows between Keswick Dam and Bend Bridge (through a water exchange).
Benefits: All four Chinook salmon runs (including the endangered Winter Run) and Steelhead.

- 2 Feather River:** Conserve coldwater storage to augment flows during late summer and fall months (through a water exchange).
Benefits: Minimize redd dewatering, juvenile stranding and isolation of Chinook salmon.

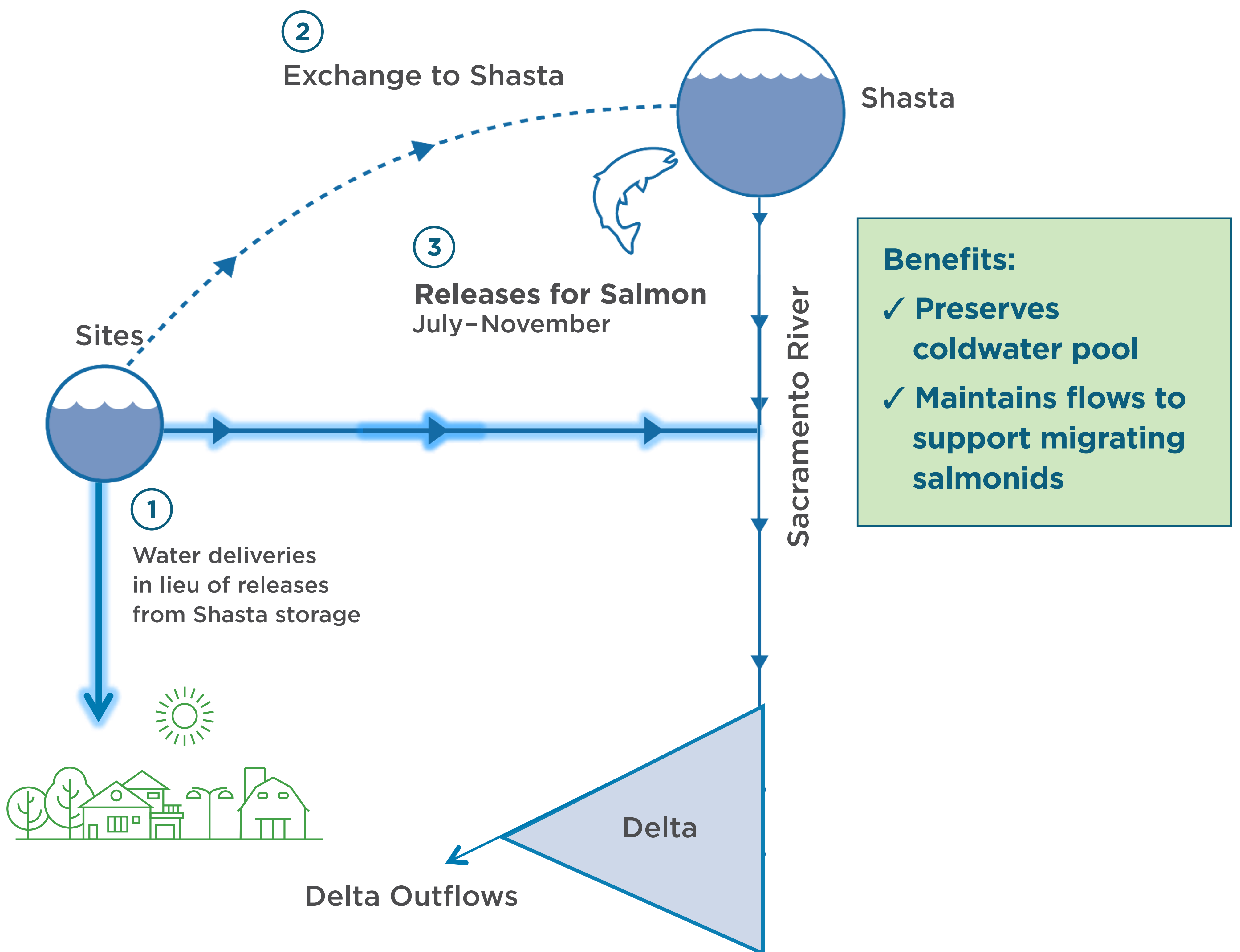
- 3 Lower American River:** Conserve coldwater storage to augment flows during late summer and fall months (through a water exchange).
Benefits: Juvenile steelhead summer rearing and fall-run Chinook salmon spawning.

- 4 Yolo Bypass/Cache Slough:** Provide pulse flows into the Yolo Bypass to push water high in phytoplankton and zooplankton directly into the Cache Slough area (through direct reservoir releases).
Benefits: Endangered Delta smelt in an area where the population is currently improving.

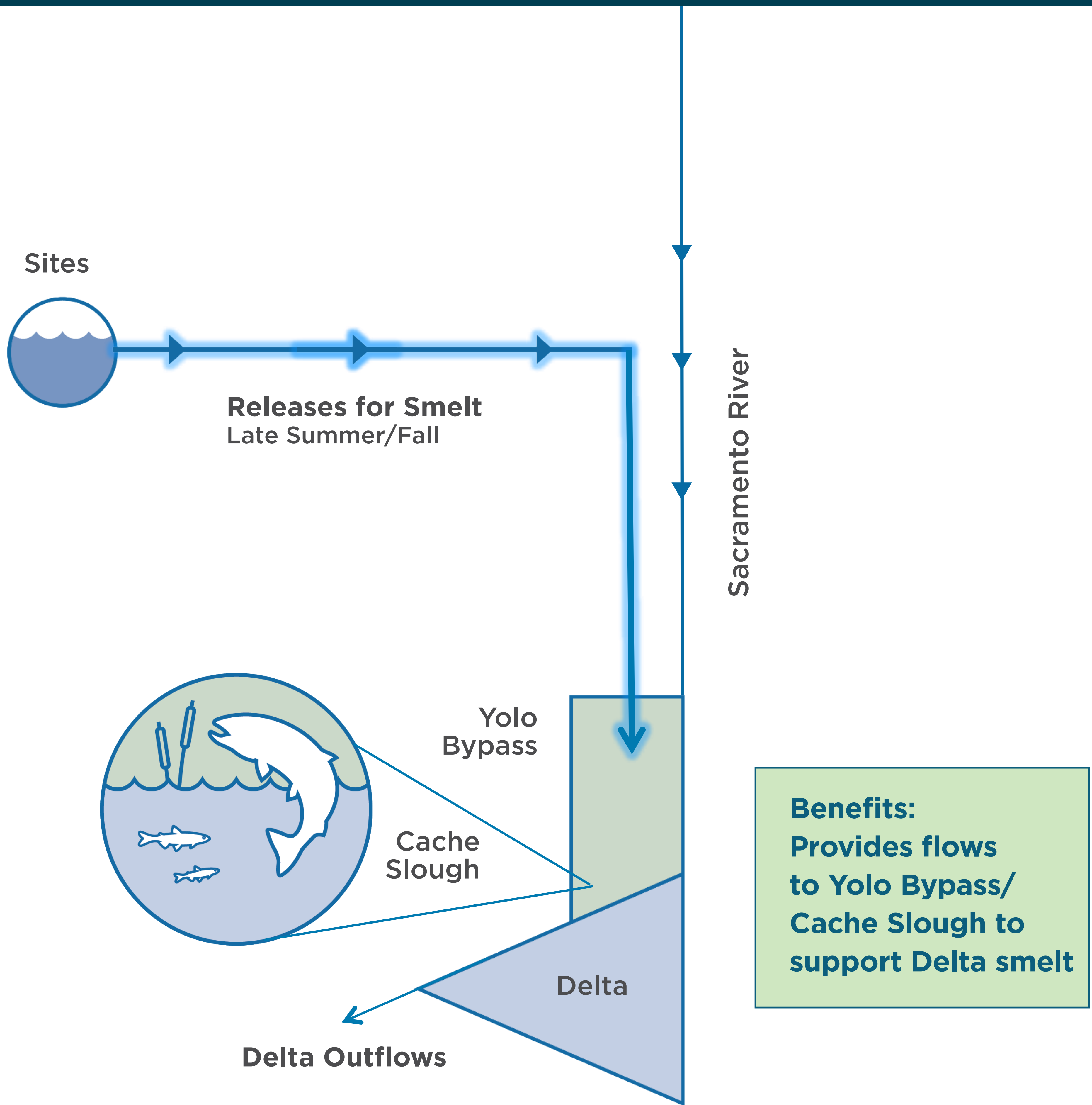
- 5 Refuges:** Provide incremental Level 4 wildlife refuge water (through direct reservoir releases and water exchanges).
Benefits: Migratory birds, giant garter snake and tricolored blackbirds.



Station 2: Benefits of Coordinated Operations to Salmon

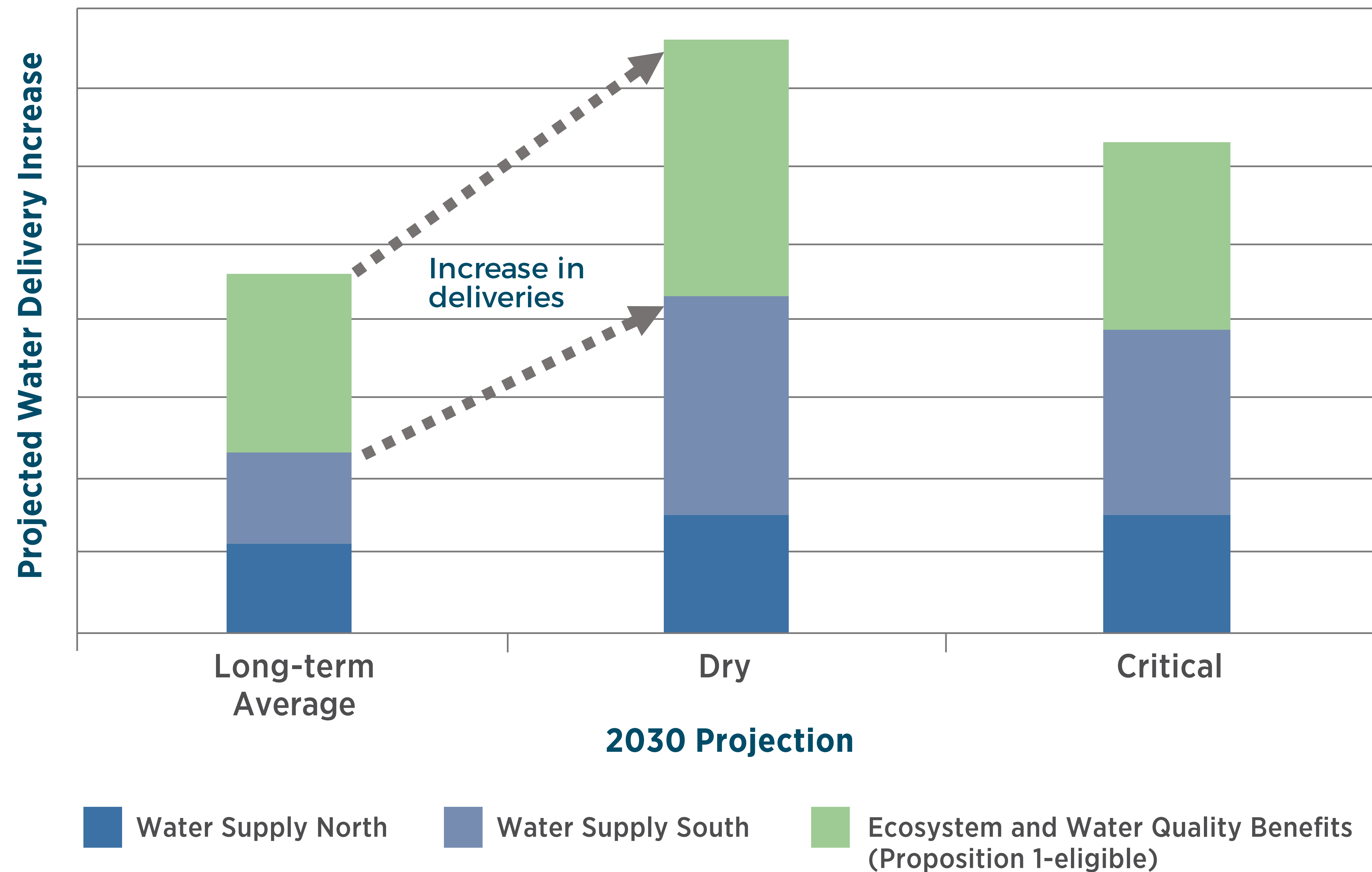


Station 2: Benefits of Coordinated Operations to Delta Smelt



Station 2: Water Supply

Reliability: Example of Greater Deliveries in Dry Years



Station 3: Environmental Analysis

A Draft Environmental Impact Report/Environmental Impact Statement has been prepared by the Sites Project Authority (Authority) and Bureau of Reclamation (Reclamation) to identify and address the potential effects of the proposed Sites Project.

The Authority is the lead agency under the California Environmental Quality Act, and Reclamation is the lead agency for compliance with the National Environmental Policy Act.

This Draft EIR/EIS describes:



The Project



Feasible range of
alternatives



Environmental
setting



Potential direct and indirect
impacts that could
result from implementation
of Project alternatives



Mitigation measures
for potentially
significant impacts



Station 3: Environmental Review Process



JANUARY 31, 2017 — MARCH 2, 2017

SCOPING

SUPPLEMENTAL NOTICE OF
PREPARATION AND SCOPING
COMMENT PERIOD



AUGUST 2017

DRAFT

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT
REPORT/ENVIRONMENTAL
IMPACT STATEMENT (EIR/EIS)



AUGUST 14, 2017 - JANUARY 15, 2018

PUBLIC REVIEW AND COMMENT



2019

FINAL EIR/EIS

YOU ARE
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Station 3: Environmental Analysis

Resource/Issue Areas Analyzed: 26

KEY: **Beneficial (7 total)**

Air Quality

Aquatic Biological Resources

Botanical Resources

Climate Change and Greenhouse Gas Emissions

Cultural/Tribal Cultural Resources

Environmental Justice

Faults and Seismicity

Flood Control

Fluvial Geomorphology and Riparian Habitat

Geology, Minerals, Soils, and Paleontology

Groundwater Quality

Groundwater Resources

Indian Trust Assets

Land Use

Navigation, Transportation, and Traffic

Noise

Power Production and Energy

Public Health and Environmental Hazards

Public Services and Utilities

Recreation Resources

Socioeconomics

Surface Water Resources

Surface Water Quality

Terrestrial Biological Resources

Visual Resources

Wetlands and Other Waters

Total Impact Areas Analyzed Across all 5 Alternatives: **98**

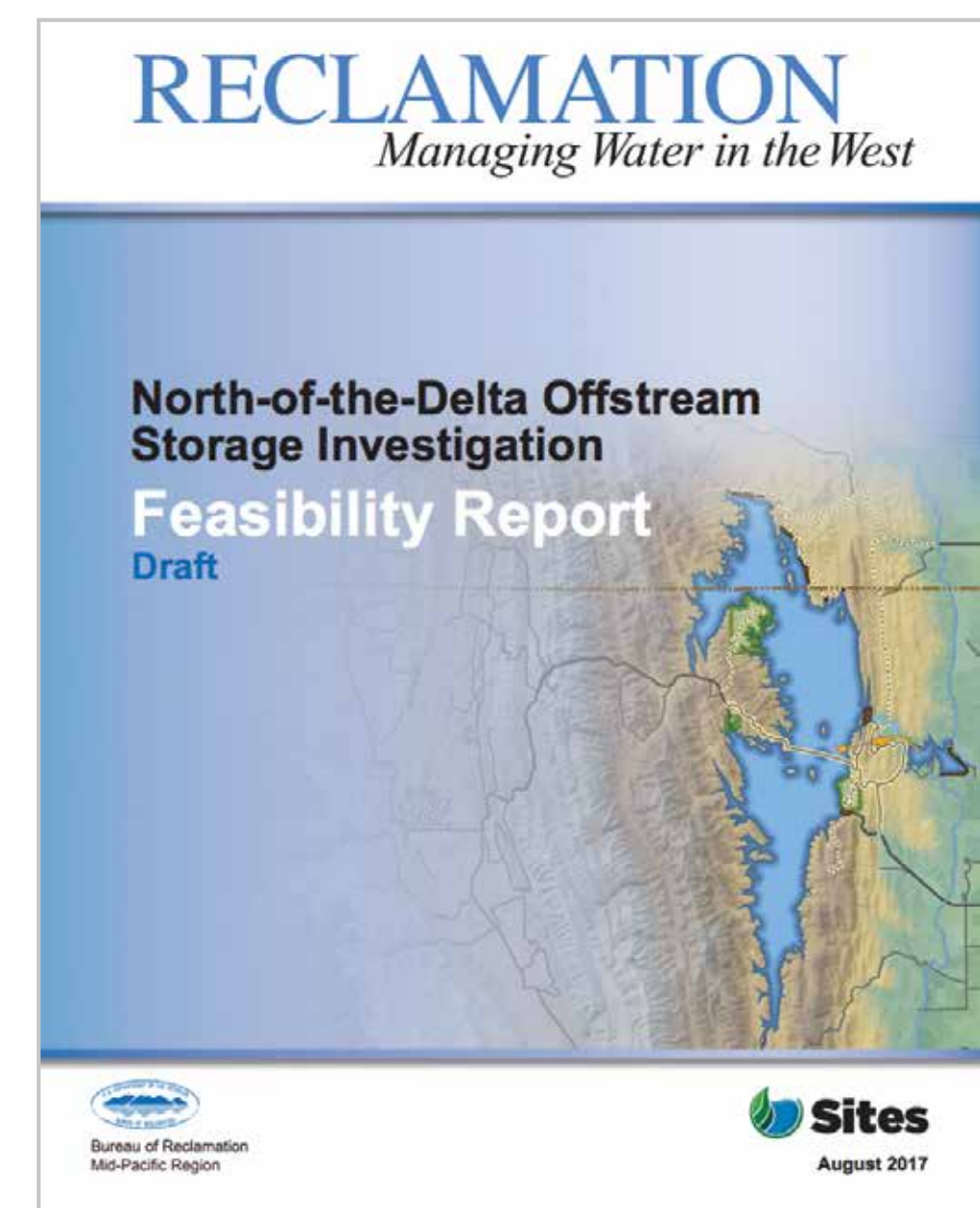
Station 3: Environmental Commitments

The following environmental commitments would be incorporated into any action alternative for all project-related construction as well as operations and maintenance activities:

- Worker Environmental Awareness Program
- Environmental Site Assessment
- Construction Management Procedures
- Fire Safety and Suppression
- Construction Equipment, Truck, and Traffic Management
- Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan
- Erosion Control, Management, and Dewatering
- Compliance with the Requirements of RWQCB Order No. 5-00-175
- Spill Prevention and Hazardous Materials Management
- Mosquito and Vector Control
- Groundwater/Dewatering Water Supply
- Visual/Aesthetic Design, Construction, and Operation Practices
- Emergency Action Plans (e.g., Sites Dam, Golden Gate Dam, Saddle Dams)

Station 4: Draft Feasibility Report

- **Completed by the Bureau of Reclamation and Sites Project Authority**, in coordination with cooperating agencies, other resource agencies, Native American tribes, stakeholders and the public
- **Presents the results** of planning, engineering, environmental, social, economic and financial analyses
- **Describes the potential physical accomplishments, benefits and impacts of the Sites Project Alternatives**



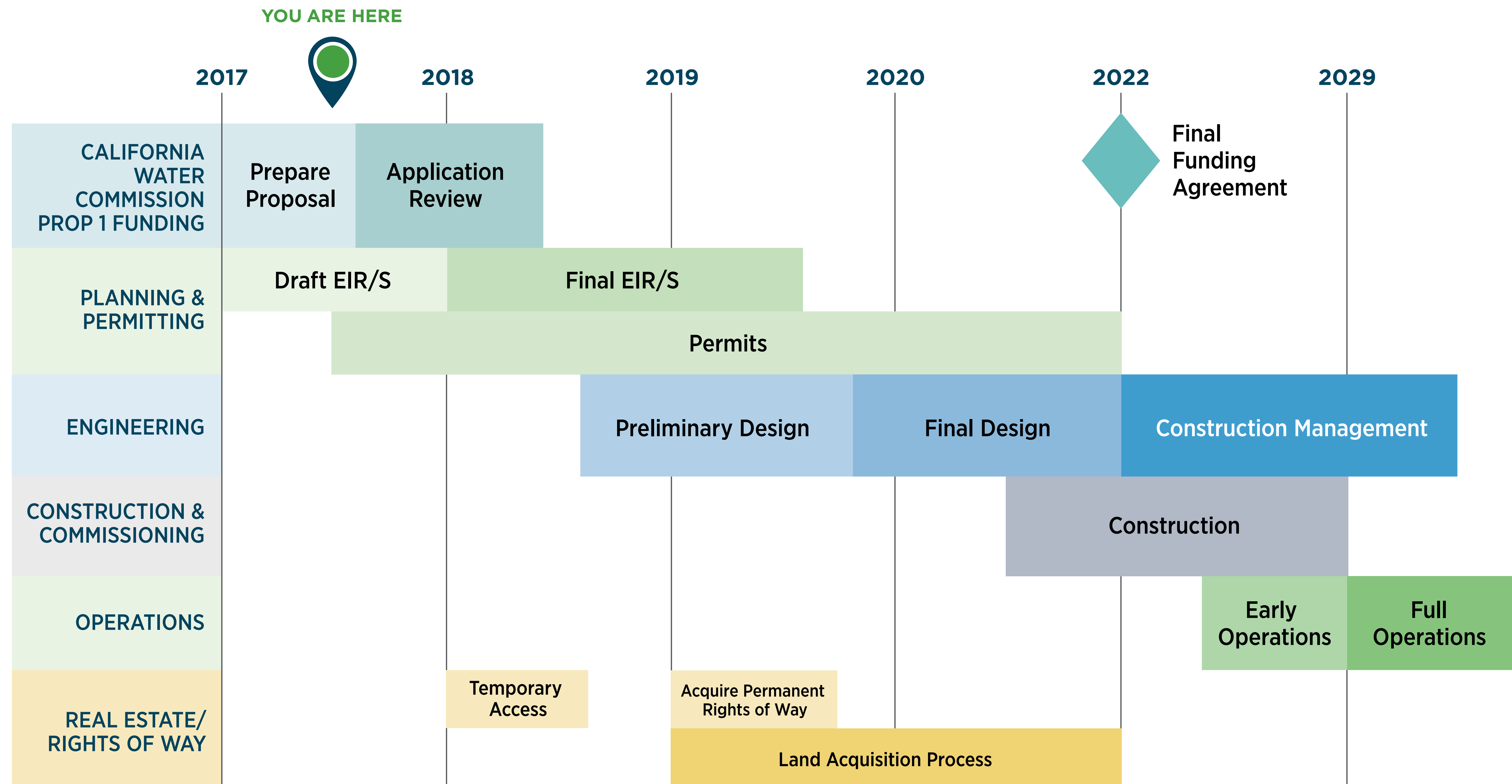
Report Need:

The operation of the Central Valley Project and State Water Project systems has become increasingly constrained. These increasing constraints threaten the ability of the two systems to meet water use needs while protecting ecosystems and water quality.

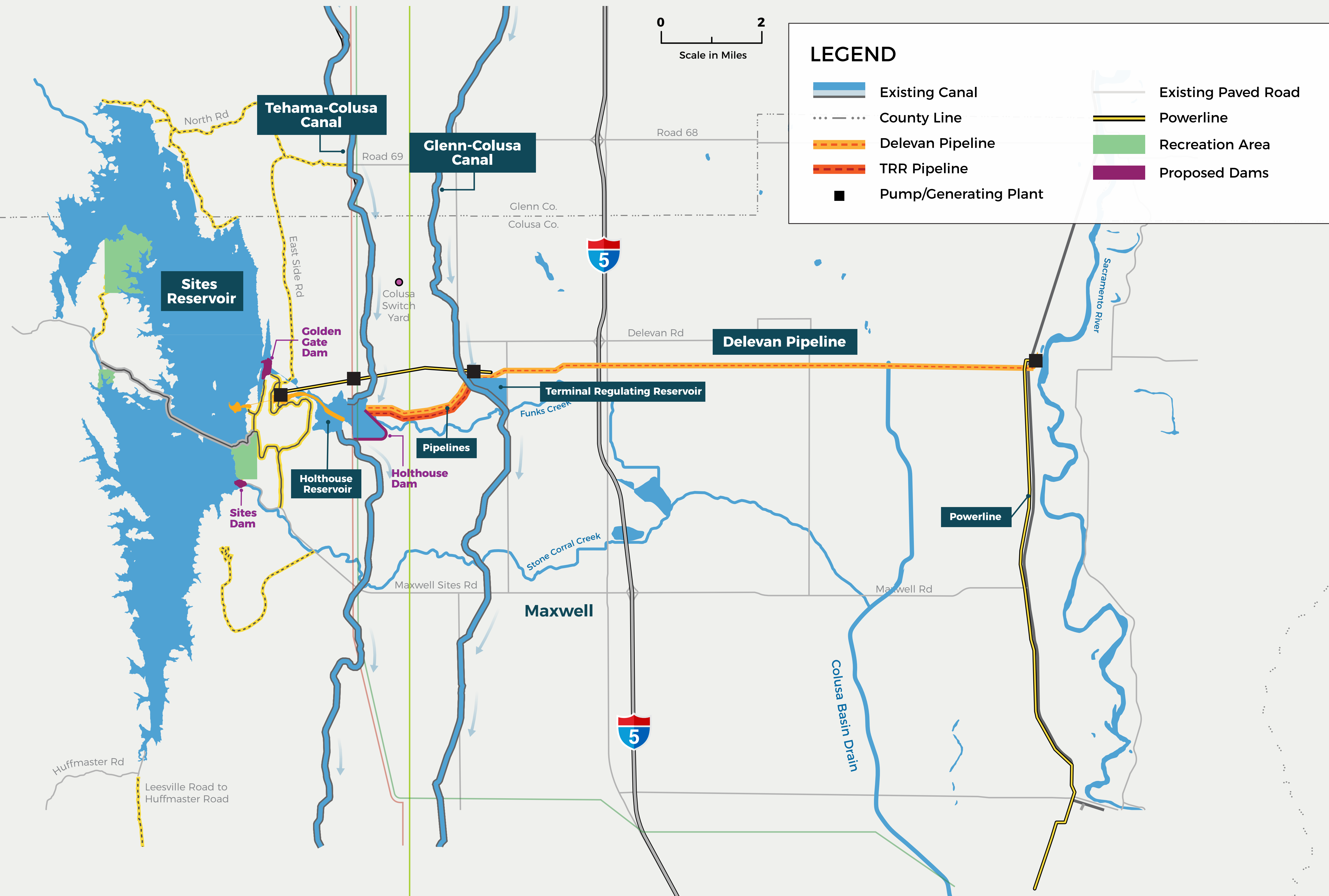
Primary Objectives:

- Improve Water Supply and Water Supply Reliability
- Provide Incremental Level 4 Refuge Water Supply
- Improve the Survival of Anadromous Fish and Other Aquatic Species
- Improve Delta Environmental and Export Water Quality

Station 5: Landowner Information



Station 5: Project Location



Station 6: Commenting



Comments Due:
January 15, 2018



Email to:
EIR-EIS-Comments@SitesProject.org



Mail to: Draft EIR/EIS Comments
Sites Project Authority
P.O. Box 517
Maxwell, CA 95955



Submit oral comments to a court
reporter at a public meeting

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